General Instructions :
   a) Attempt all questions.
   b) Label your craft and sheet properly i.e. name, class, section & roll no.
   c) Use the medium as given.

Q1.   Draw a poster design and use to complete it with poster colours.   (25)
             'NO WATER NO LIFE' Or 'SAVE TREE. SAVE EARTH'

Q2.   Draw a sketching of still life and complete it using pencil shade.   (15)
                                    Or
       Draw a sketch of lotus and colour it using colourful pen's.

Q3.   Draw a sketch of story scene (Thirsty Crow) and colour it using pencil colours.   (15)

Q4.   Craft work.   (25)

Q1.   **Choose the correct option:**   **(8)**

a)   Pine, Fir, Spruce are common trees found in

a.	Tropical forest	c.	Boreal forest
b.	Polar regions	d.	Grasslands

b)   Which of the following is not a part of 3Rs?

a.	Reduce	c.	Reuse
b.	Release	d.	Recycle

c)   Plant take in oxygen through _____.

a.	Lungs	c.	Gills
b.	Spiracles	d.	Stomata

d)   Which of the following is not a natural disaster?

a.	Rainwater harvesting	c.	Flood
b.	Drought	d.	None of these

e)   Which of these is a part of a dry cell?

a.	Filament	c.	Terminals
b.	Inert gas	d.	Glass mount

f)   The shadow of an object shows its

a.	Size	c.	Colour
b.	Outline	d.	None of these

g)   Magnets can be made in the shape

a.	Bar magnet	c.	Ring magnet
b.	Disc magnet	d.	All of these

h)   The SI unit of length is _____.

a.	Cubit	c.	Pace
b.	Kilometre	d.	Hand span

Q2.   **Fill in the blanks:**   **(10)**

a)   The upward movement of wings is called _____.

b)   _____ grow in reason we are the saltwater mix with freshwater.

c)   The _____ helps a fish to change its direction.

d)   Every magnet has _____ pole.

e) Generally, Light travel in _____ lines.

f) Rectilinear motion is motion along a _____ line.

g) Copper and silver are example of good_____.

h) The cycling moment of water from the atmosphere to the earth is called _____.

i) The Process of burning is called _____.

Q3.   True False (write the correct statement):   (5)

a) Some animals move from one reason to another to escape the Harsh season.

b) Cubit and Fathom are the non-standard units of length.

c) A freely suspended magnet will align itself in the Earth's East -West direction.

d) Reflection from a smooth surface is called diffused reflection.

e) Earthworm breath through their moist skin.

Q4.   Give two example: (5)

a) Biodegradable waste

b) Diseases caused by air pollution.

c) Transparent Material

d) Non Magnetic Material

e) Animals that hibernate

Q5.   Write one word: (10)

a) The moving air

b) A disease affecting thousands of people at the same time.

c) Electric cells can be used only once

d) Object that emit the lights are called

e) An instrument that uses a magnet to find direction.

f) A Motion that does not repeat itself at regular interval of a time

g) Parts for magnet where the magnetic strength is the strongest.

h) The area where a plant or an animal naturally lives.

i) Animals that have backbone.

j) The point on the stem from where the leaves arise.

Q6. **Very short question answer: (20-30 words):** (10)

a) What is composting?

b) Write any two causes of air pollution.

c) What are the different sources of freshwater?

d) Write two uses of magnets.

e) Identify the type of motion

    a. The vibrating string of a guitar

    b. Wheels of a moving car

Q7. **Short question answer: (40-50 word)** (12)

a) Write the importance of the skeleton of the human body.

b) Explain how a camel and a cactus are able to survive in region with the little or no water.

c) List the differences between an image and a shadow.

d) Write a Short note on the composition of air.

Q8. **Long question answer: (60 -70 words)** (20)

a) Differentiate between biodegradable and non-biodegradable waste?

b) a. Draw a well label diagram of Water cycle.

    b. What is rainwater harvesting?

c) Explain giving example how materials are classified as transparent translucent and opaque

d) What is dry cell? Explain with the help of diagram.

<div align="center">Or</div>

Describe the structure of a leaf with the help of a diagram.

SECTION – A : READING   (20)

A1.   Read the passage below and answer the following questions:

Newspapers are our good friends. Life without Newspapers is a waste. Newspapers bring us news and views from all corners of the world. Any incident or occurrence of importance that takes place as reported by the newspapers. The word NEWS is interpreted as North, East, West and South. It means that the newspaper provides us with information and news regarding various subjects from all directions. Newspapers also give us articles on all kinds of topics such as political, social, and economic monetary, business, commerce, sports, education, health etc. Newspapers publish advertisements that attract the attention of the customers.

They also contain book reviews of literary, historical and other books by the scholars. Newspapers are of different types. Some newspapers are published daily. They are called "Dailies". We must cultivate the habit of reading newspapers to know what is happening around the globe. The one who reads newspapers and interprets editorial pages can only be master in current affairs and general knowledge. Reading newspapers helps you to find out what news is and how it is written. The one who dreams of being a journalist should not spare a day without reading the newspaper. They should be aware about the editorial and be well versed with vocabulary. We will get to know news from all the countries if we read newspapers regularly. If we are reading the newspapers seriously, it will also help to shine in competitive examinations.

a) What kind of articles are published in newspapers?
   a. Educational and health related
   b. Political, social, sports and games related
   c. Economic monetary, business, commerce related
   d. All the above

b) What are the benefits of reading an editorial page?
   a. One can become a businessman
   b. One can become a poet
   c. One can get mastery in current affairs
   d. One can pass the elite exam

c) Newspapers publish advertisements attract:
   a. Attention of foreigners
   b. Attention of tourists
   c. Attention of customers
   d. Attention of air hostess

d) How do newspapers help the students?
   a. He can get knowledge of current affairs
   b. He can shine in competitive examinations
   c. He can enhance his vocabulary
   d. All the above

e) Who is a journalist?
   a. Daily news reader
   b. Press reporter
   c. Book reviewer
   d. Script editor
f) What does newspaper bring?
g) What should we cultivate?
h) If we read newspapers...............
i) Name some popular newspapers.
j) Give a suitable title for the passage.

A2.   Read the poem carefully and answer the following questions:

The World

Great, wide, beautiful, wonderful World,
With the wonderful water round you curled,
And the wonderful grass upon your breast-
World, you are beautifully drest.
The wonderful air is over me,
And the wonderful wind is shaking the tree,
It walks on the water, and whirls the mills,
And talks to itself on the tops of the hills.
You friendly Earth, how far do you go,
With the wheat-fields that nod and the rivers that flow,
With cities and gardens, and cliffs, and isles,
And people upon you for thousands of miles?
Ah! You are so great, and I am so small,
I tremble to think of you, World, at all;
And yet, when I said my prayers to-day,
A whisper inside me seemed to say,
'You are more than the Earth, though you are such a dot:
You can love and think, and the Earth cannot!'

a) In the poem above 'beautifully drest' refers to
   a. having gaudy dress
   b. decorated with nature's beauty
   c. wearing costly dresses
   d. wearing cheap but beautiful dresses.
b) The poet calls the world 'beautifully drest' because
   a. it looks beautiful
   b. it has wonderful grass curled around it
   c. it is covered with fine clothes
   d. it is covered with green leaves.
c) The wind in the poem talks to
   a. passersby   c.   trees
   b. clouds   d.   itself

d) The poet calls the earth
    a. unfriendly   c. friendly
    b. proud   d. kind

e) The phrase such a dot means
    a. so small   c. so fat
    b. so big   d. so kind

f) What is wonderful?

g) What walks on the water?

h) Who can love and think?

i) What is surrounded by air, water and wind?

j) Give a suitable title for the poem.

SECTION – B : WRITING

B1.   Write a letter to the manager of a well- known restaurant in your city, asking him to make arrangements to host a dinner on your mother's birthday. You must mention the menu required, the number of persons who will be invited, the date and time and any other special requirements that need to be full filled. (8)

B2.   Develop a story from the given outlines. (7)

A mouse and a frog _____ friend's _____ every morning frog visited mouse _____ frog felt insulted _____ tide one and of the string _____ to the mouse's tail _____ dived into pound _____

mouse drowned _____ the body floated on the pond _____ hawk saw the mouse floating _____ the hawk grabbed the mouse _____ the frog dangling from its leg _____ frog tried to free himself _____ hawk caught both.

B3.   Imagine that you are the cultural secretary of your school. Draft a notice to inform children about an inter-class Folk Dance competition which will be organized in school and give the required details. You may request the class monitors to give the list of participants by a particular date. (5)

SECTION – C : GRAMMAR

C1.   Underline the nouns and identify their gender. (1)
  a) The staff on the plane was very friendly.
  b) Yesterday, a thief broke into my house.

C2.   Rearrange the jumble words. (1)
  a) got / a mobile phone / you have / ?
  b) threw / into the dustbin / he / the waste paper / .

C3.   Underline the main clause and circle the subordinate clause. (1)
  a) We will go to the fair when Monica gets here.
  b) I looked everywhere however I did not find my wallet.

C4.   Change the sentences from indirect to direct speech. (1)
  a) Sunita says that she will be a dancer when she grows up.
  b) Reeta said that she lied that song.

C5.   Change the sentences from active voice to passive voice.   (1)
   a) Rohit buys a book.
   b) The doctor treated the patient.
C6.   Underline the adjective and mention its kind.   (1)
   a) The Furious man yelled at the poor child.
   b) The dedicated students planted young saplings on either side of the road.
C7.   Write the meaning of the following.   (1)
   a) Build castles in the air.
   b) Haste makes waste
C8.   Do as instructed   (1)
   a) They are painting a beautiful picture. (Change into future continuous tense)
   b) Mother cooks delicious food. (Change it into past perfect tense)
C9.   Underline the error and fill in the black with correct word.   (4)
   Once upon a time there was a man called Smith. He was a green grocer (a) Him lived
   in Clapham. He (b) are four sons, (c) An eldest was called George after the king and
   it was arranged that he was to inherit his father's shop.

SECTION – D : LITERATURE   (20)
D1.   Ganga Devi and trained is an accomplished artist. Do you agree? Give reasons.
D2.   What did Gessler feel about the big firms?
D3.   Is there a similarity between the break of the day and the birth of a baby? If yes, what
       is it?
D4.   For both Sandy and Lob it was love at first sight. Give reasons to support your
       answer.
D5.   What was Mr. and Mrs. Otis' complaint against the ghost? How did they show their
       protest?
D6.   What did the Colonel feel why he could not call back the ghost?
D7.   Colonel Fazackerley is to meet the ghost.
   a) scared   c)   confused
   b) delighted   d)   upset
D8.   The pengelly family had no say in choosing of Lob because
   a) he kept coming back to them   c)   they did not want to adopt him.
   b) the dog did not like his master   d)   he was a mystery.
D9.   The blue colour of the new born child's dress is compared to
   a) the wing of a halcon.   c)   any free bird flying in the sky.
   b) the colour of the sky.   d)   the colour of the ocean.
D10.   William Archer helped Mithila art get recognition by
   a) getting it published for wider interest. c)   becoming a painter himself.
   b) inviting historians and artists.   d)   helping open training schools

Q1.   Tick the correct answer.   (6)

a) Nagaram voice _____.

    a. An assembly of merchant   c. A township

    b. An assembly of Warriors

b) Who wrote the abhijananashakuntalam?

    a. Kalidasa   c. Valmiki

    b. Aryabhatta

c) The Northern Plains are formed by the deposition of _____.

    a. Alluvium   c. Sand

    b. Sediments

d) Forest are mainly found in _____.

    a. Eastern and western part of Rajasthan

    b. the Western Ghat

    c. Lakshadweep Island

e) The Zila Parishad functions for a period of _____.

    a. 4 years   c. 5 years

    b. 6 years   d. Delhi

f) A bank employee have _____.

    a. No holidays   c. Irregular income

    b. Regular income

Q2.   State whether the statement is true or false. We write the statement to correct them.

(4)

a) The northern black polished ware has a dull surface.

b) Faxian was a Roman trader.

c) A government does not need to deal with the poor section of the society.

d) Democracy is incomplete without freedom.

Q3.   Define the following.   (20)

a) Capital   b) Export   c) Inscription

d) Astronomy   e) Displacement   f) Coastline

g) Cyclone   h) Republic   i) Gram Panchayat

j) Livelihood

Q4. Answer the following short questions. (24)

a) How did the battle of Kalinga affect Ashoka?

b) Mention important sources of information about Samudragupta's reign. What does they tell us? Who was Aryabhatta? List his achievements.

c) What is the biosphere?

d) What are coral polyps?

e) What do you understand by the term 'mango showers'?

f) Who was Aryabhatta? List his achievements?

g) What is the' Swachh Bharat Abhiyan'?

h) Define migration. Why does it take place?

Q5. Answer any four long questions. (20)

a) How did Buddhism spread in this period?

b) Write a note on the two epics Ramayana and Mahabharata?

c) How do maps help us? Mention any three advantages.

d) Explain the role of elections in a democracy?

e) What are the non-farming occupations in rural India?

Q6. Map work. (6)

a) Mark and label the following on the physical map of India.

a.	The great Indian desert	b.	Deccan Plateau
c.	Northern Plains	d.	The Himalaya
e.	Lakshadweep Islands	f.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands

Choose the correct option.

Q1.   Which city was severely affected by the great fire of 1666 in Europe?

 a) Room   b)   Paris   c)   London

Q2.   In which country was the fastest wind speed of 408 km an hour recorded?

 a) South Africa   b)   Argentina   c)   Australia

Q3.   Which area of Gujarat was badly affected by an earthquake on 26 January 2001?

 a) Bhuj   b)   Coimbatore   c)   Rajkot

Q4.   The tiniest insects in the world are

 a) Yucca moth   b)   Horse fly   c)   Fairy flies

Q5.   Name the super cyclonic storm that formed in the Bay of Bengal and May 2020.

 a) Alia   b)   Amphan   c)   Yaas

Q6.   Which was the first Hollywood movie to depict virtual reality as the main element of
       the plot?

 a) Jurassic Park   b)   Total Recall   c)   Tron

Q7.   Which social network owns the leading VR headset developer Oculus?

 a) Google   b)   Facebook   c)   Apple

Q8.   Who is the first Indian to swim across the English Channel?

 a) Novak Djokovic   b)   Prakash Padukone   c)   Mihir Sen

Q9.   Which country has hosted the 2018 FIFA World Cup?

 a) Brazil   b)   Russia   c)   India

Q10.   Name the water plant that feeds on small aquatic insects.

 a) Duckweed   b)   Water cabbage   c)   Water wheel

Q11.   When France was made a republic country?

 a) 1789   b)   1879   c)   1869

Q12.   A _____ state is one where the economy is controlled by the state.

 a) Welfare   b)   Socialist   c)   Democracy

Q13.   What is the study of the way organism interact with each other and their physical
       environment is called?

 a) Zoology   b)   Botany   c)   Ecology

Q14.   The device to measure relative humidity is:

 a) Barometer   b)   Odometer   c)   Hygrometer

Q15. It is a word, phrase verse or sentence that reads the same backward or forward.

a) Diament   b) Halcyon   c) Palindrome

Q16. Where will you find a large clock with a bell called Big Ben?

a) Paris   b) London   c) New York City

Q17. At the Jantar Mantar in which city in India would you find the largest stone sundial in the world?

a) Delhi   b) Jaipur   c) Varanasi

Q18. How many time zones are there in Russia?

a) 10   b) 11   c) 6

Q19. This museum in New Delhi showcases the rich rail heritage of our country.

a) Victoria and Albert Museum b) National Rail Museum c) The Hermitage

Q20. Which country has the highest number of lakes in the world?

a) China   b) Japan   c) Canada

Q21. It is the national sport of Bhutan it and was shooting arrows with a bow at a fixed target board.

a) Archery   b) Golf   c) Skiing

Q22. Who is the author of the book A Suitable Boy?

a) Missile Man   b) Vikram Seth   c) Amir Khusro

Q23. Which plant was used in ancient Egypt to make paper?

a) Papyrus   b) Teak   c) Bamboo

Q24. He won the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014.

a) Kailash Satyarthi   b) C V Raman   c) Amartya Sen

Q25. Which hat was popularised by Abraham Lincoln

a) Bowler hat   b) Bever hat   c) Top hat

Q26. A person who loves to collect ties is called

a) Grabatologist   b) Bryologist   c) Algologist

Q27. This animal is found only in Madagascar and is featured in the animated film of the same name. Its diet largely comprises lemurs.

a) Tufted dear   b) Pink fairy   c) Fossa

Q28. Which is the world's largest seed?

a) Coconut   b) Coco-de-mer   c) Peas

Q29. One of the largest cities in Japan

a) Kyoto   b) China   c) Cape Town

Q30. How many medals did India win in total at the 2020 Tokyo Olympics?

a) 7   b) 4   c) 10

Q31. This Indian American actor was selected from thousands of child actors across the globe to play the role of Mowgli in the film The Jungle Book.

a) Neel Sethi b) Jaden Smith c) C.J.Adams

Q32. What is the name of the Silk like fabric or yarn that is extracted from angora goats?

a) Mohair b) Sujani c) Filigree

Q33. These are the lizard like animals found in a few Islands of New Zealand.

a) Tuataras b) Gecko c) Gharial

Q34. It is a traditional outfit for men and women. It literally means 'concealing dress.'

a) Poncho b) Khwab c) Baju Kurung

Q35. This artist's Korean pop music video titled 'Gangnam Style' was the first to reach two billion views on YouTube.

a) Psy b) Justin Bieber c) Celine Dion

Q36. Who discovered gravity and came up with the three laws of motion?

a) Sir Isaac Newton b) Charles Darwin c) John Dalton

Q37. Which among these is one of the most poisonous fish in the world?

a) Stone fish b) Tuna c) Catfish

Q38. Which is the most abundant metal on earth?

a) Aluminium b) Iron c) Cobalt

Q39. 'The thinking part' of the brain is called

a) Mucus b) Cerebrum c) Cerebellum

Q40. Whose autobiography is called Wings of Fire?

a) Mahatma Gandhi b) Jawaharlal Nehru c) APJ Abdul Kalam

Q41. Who were the first people to live in ancient Greece?

a) Mycenaeans b) Minoans c) Incas

Note : Attempt all questions neatly and carefully.

SECTION – A : Each Question carry 01 mark.

Q1.   The additive inverse of -5 is

   a) 5   b)   0

   c) - 6   d)   - 4

Q2. x divided by 7 is written as

   a) $\dfrac{7}{x}$ b) $\dfrac{x}{7}$

   c) $7x$ d) $7+x$

Q3.   The equivalent ratio of 3:4 is

   a) 6:12   b)   6:8

   c) 9:16   d)   16:9

Q4.   Which of the following has no end points?

   a) Line Segment   b)   Ray

   c) Line   d)   None of these

Q5.   An angle measure 91° is

   a) Acute Angle   b)   Obtuse Angle

   c) Right Angle   d)   Straight Angle

Q6.   A ray has _____ end point.

   a) 0   b)   1

   c) 2   d)   3

Q7.   Each angle of an equilateral triangle measure _____.

   a) 30°   b)   60°

   c) 90°   d)   120°

Q8.   A quadrilateral whose opposite sides are equal and parallel is called

   a) Parallelogram   b)   Kite

   c) Rhombus   d)   Trapezium

Q9.   The letter Z of the English alphabet has

   a) No line of symmetry   b)   One line of symmetry

   c) Two lines of symmetry   d)   Three lines of symmetry

Q10. The area of rectangle is 650 cm² and its breadth is 13 cm. The perimeter of the rectangle is

a) 63 cm b) 130 cm

b) 100 cm d) 126 cm

SECTION – B : Each Question carry 03 marks.

Q1. Solve $7\dfrac{1}{3} - 4\dfrac{8}{5} + 1\dfrac{4}{15}$

Q2. Kunal purchased 5 kg 75 gm of fruits and 3 kg 465 gm of vegetables and put them in a bag. If this bag contained weight 9 kg. Find the weight of the empty bag.

Q3. The first, third and fourth term of a proportion are 12, 8 & 14 respectively. Find second term.

Q4. Use Compass construct an angle of 90°.

Q5. The angle of a triangle is in the ratio 1:3:5. Find the measure of each of the following angles.

Q6. Draw parallelogram and write down its three properties.

Q7. Count the number of line segment and name them.

Q8. Draw the line of symmetry.

a)   b)

Q9. Find the circumference of circle if

a) Radius = 3.5 cm   b) Diameter = 14 cm

Q10. Draw the pictograph of the following table.

Subject	English	Maths	Hindi	Science
No. of Students Passed	15	25	10	20

SECTION – C : Each Question carry 04 marks.

Q1.   Arrange the following fraction in ascending order:

$$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{7}{9} \ and \ \frac{11}{18}$$

Q2.   The length of a rectangular hall is 5 m more than its breadth. If the perimeter of the hall is 74 m find its length and breadth.

Q3.   Identify parallel line segment in each of the following figure

a)

b)
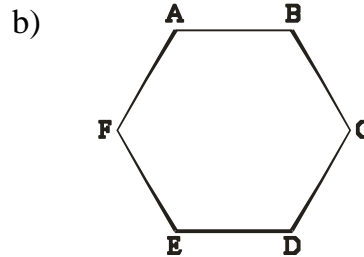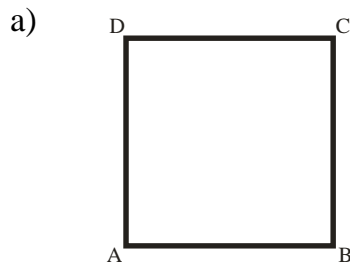
Q4.   How many degrees are there in?

a) 4 right angle

b) $\frac{2}{3}$ right angle

Q5.   Answer the following questions.
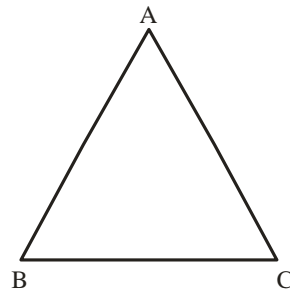
a) Side opposite to angle C

b)   Angle opposite to side BC

c) Vertex opposite to side CA

d)   Side opposite to vertex B

SECTION – D : Each Question carry 05 marks.

Q1.   Simplify:

a) $(-9) \times 6 + (-9) \times 4$

b) $\left[-13 - (-17)\right] + \left[-22 - (-40)\right]$

Q2.   Let $P = a^2 - b^2 + 2ab, \ Q = a^2 + 4b^2 - 6ab, \ R = b^2 + 6, \ S = a^2 - 4ab$ and

$T = -2a^2 + b^2 - ab + a$. Find $P + Q + R + S - T$.

Q3.   A car travels 195 km in 3 hrs.

a) How long will it take to travel 520 km.

b) How far will it travel in 7 hrs with the same speed.

Q4. Find the perimeter of

a) Regular pentagon of side 8 cm.

b) Regular octagon of side 4.5 cm.

c) Regular decagon of side 3.6 cm.

d) Triangle of side 7.8 cm, 6.5 cm & 5.9 cm.

e) Equilateral Triangle of side 9.2 cm.

नोट – सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है। प्रश्नों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उत्तर लिखिए।

प्र०1.   निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।   (5)

जंगल में परिजात का एक पेड़ था। परिजात का कोई मुकाबला नहीं था। उसकी सुंदरता बेजोड़ थी। उसका रंग – रूप निराला था। परिजात को भी अपने गुणों का पूरा–पूरा पता था। नीले आसमान में सिर उठाए इस शान से खड़ा रहता, मानों पेड़ों का सरताज हो। जब बहार के दिन आते तो परिजात अनगिनत नन्हें–नन्हे फूलों से लद जाता, लगता मानों किसी ने आकाश से सारे तारे तोड़कर परिजात की शाखाओं पर टाँक दिए हो। नन्हें फूलों से झिलमिलाता परिजात जब सुगंध भरी पराग जंगल में बिखेरता तो जंगल नंदन बन जाता। चुंबक की तरह परिजात सबकों अपनी तरफ खींचता, जिसे देखों, वही परिजात की तरफ भागता। सतरंगी शालें ओढ़े चटकीली तितलियाँ सहेलियों के साथ झुंड का झुंड बनाकर परिजात का श्रृंगार देखने आती तथा जाते – जाते फूलों को खींचकर ढेरों पराग अपने साथ ले जाती।

क)   जंगल में किसका पेड़ था?

अ)   नीम   ब)   परिजात

स)   पीपल   द)   आम

ख)   परिजात अपने आप को क्या समझता था?

अ)   पेड़ों का सरताज   ब)   पेड़ों का दास

स)   ईश्वर   द)   इनमें से कोई नहीं

ग)   वह अनगिनत फूलों से कब लद जाता था?

अ)   बहार में   ब)   पतझड़ में

स)   वर्षा में   द)   सर्दी में

घ)   तितलियाँ क्या करती थी?

अ)   उसके फूलों का पराग ले जाती थी   ब)   फूल ले जाती थी

स)   डालों पर गाना गाती थी   द)   कुछ नहीं करती थी

ड़)   इस गद्यांश का शीर्षक है।

अ)   परिजात का वृक्ष   ब)   परिजात पेड़ों का सरताज

स)   परिजात जंगल   द)   राजा

प्र०2.   निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उत्तर लिखिए।

हिमगिरि के हिम से निकल–निकल,
यह विमल दूध सा हिम का जल,
कर–कर निनाद कल–कल, छल–छल
बहता आता नीचे पल–पल
तन का चंचल मन का विहवल,
यह लघु सरिता का जल!

क) सरिता का जल कहाँ से आ रहा है?

ख) सरिता का जल किस रंग का है?

ग) सरिता के जल की विशेषताएँ क्या हैं?

घ) 'जल' के दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए।

ड़) पद्यांश का उचित शीर्षक लिखिए।

प्र०3. पत्र लेखन। (5)

अपने विद्यालय के पुस्तकालय में हिंदी पत्रिकाएं मंगवाने के लिए प्रधानाचार्या को प्रार्थना पत्र लिखिए।

प्र०4. अनुच्छेद लेखन। (शब्द सीमा – 80 से 100) (5)

'विज्ञापनों की दुनिया'

संकेत बिंदु – विज्ञापन का माध्यम , विज्ञापन का उद्देश्य , विज्ञापन का लाभ और हानि।

व्याकरण

प्र०5. निर्देशानुसार उत्तर लिखिए। (16)

क) हिंदी , पंजाबी	(लिपि लिखिए)
ख) दैनिक	(वर्ण विच्छेद कीजिए)
ग) आम्र , मयूर	(तद्भव शब्द लिखिए)
घ) हवा	(पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए)
ड़) प्राचीन	(विलोम शब्द लिखिए)
च) हल	(दो – दो अर्थ लिखिए)
छ) जिसका कोई आकार हो	(शब्द समूह के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए)
ज) सुसंगति	(उपसर्ग और मूल शब्द अलग–अलग कीजिए)
झ) नीलगाय	(समास विग्रह कर समास का नाम लिखिए)
ट) मधुर	(भाववाचक संज्ञा बनाइए)
ठ) आयुष्मान	(स्त्रीलिंग शब्द में परिवर्तन कीजिए)
ड) गुरु जी आज घर आएँगे।	(वचन लिखिए)
ढ) वह फूलों से माला बना रही है।	(रेखांकित पद का कारक बताइए)
ण) कविता रंगोली बना रही है।	(क्रिया सकर्मक है या अकर्मक? लिखिए)
त) ज़ोर की बारिश हो रही थी।	(वाक्य में प्रयुक्त क्रिया के काल बताइए)
थ) सन्न्यासी	(वर्तनी शुद्ध करके लिखिए)

प्र०6. निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए। (5)

इस प्रकार मैं पत्थरों और ईंटों से बनी बिना किसी सहारे के खड़ी दुनिया की सबसे ऊँची मीनार बन गई जो कुतुब मीनार के नाम से जानी गई। यहाँ नाम कुतुबुद्दीन ऐकब के नाम पर आधारित था कुछ लोग का यह भी मानना है कि मेरा नाम फारसी के शब्द कुतुब पर आधारित है जिसका अर्थ है प्रभुत्व और निष्ठा इसलिए उनके अनुसार मेरा नाम कुतुब मीनार भारत में अपना प्रभुत्व जताने और धर्म के प्रति अपने विश्वास को प्रदर्शित करने के लिए किया गया था कारण कोई भी हो जब मेरा निर्माण पूरा हुआ तक मैं एक अद्भुत स्मरणीय इमारत के रूप में विकसित हो चुकी थी।

क) दुनिया की सबसे ऊँची मीनार किस नाम से जानी गई?

ख) कुतुबमीनार का नाम किसके नाम पर आधारित था?

ग) कुतुबमीनार का निर्माण पूरा होने के बाद किस रूप में विकसित हो चुकी थी?

घ) 'स्मरणीय' शब्द का विलोम शब्द लिखिए।

ड़) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश किस पाठ से लिया गया है?

प्र०7. निम्नलिखित पठित पद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए। (5)

विजय मिली, पर अंग्रेजों की फिर सेना घिर आई थी,

अब के जनरल स्मिथ सम्मुख था, उसने मुंह की खाई थी,

काना और मंदरा सखियाँ रानी के संग आई थी,

युद्ध क्षेत्र में उन दोनों ने भारी मार मचाई थी।

पर पीछे ह्यूरोज़ आ गया, हाय! घिरी अब रानी थी,

बुंदेले हरबोलों के मुँह हमने सुनी कहानी थी,

खूब लड़ी मर्दानी वह तो झाँसी वाली रानी थी।।

क) अब रानी लक्ष्मीबाई के सम्मुख कौन था?

ख) रानी के सखियों का नाम लिखिए।

ग) रानी लक्ष्मीबाई किसके वार से घायल हुई थी?

घ) उपरोक्त कविता की कवियत्री का नाम लिखिए।

ड़) बुंदेले और हरबोलों का अर्थ लिखिए।

प्र०8. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिखिए। (10)

उद्देश्य , सृष्टि , शिथिल , अर्जित , आबाद , सद्भाव , दृष्टिकोण , बेतहाशा , तिरस्कार , पठायो

प्र०9. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं 6 प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए। (18)

क) इच्छा रानी पिता पुत्र की इच्छा पूरी करके उन्हें क्या बताना चाहती थी?

ख) बाल श्री पुरस्कार प्राप्त करने के बाद सरिता के व्यक्तित्व में क्या परिवर्तन आया?

ग) परियों की कथा और इतिहास की किताबों में क्या अंतर होता है?

घ) अमीना का क्रोध स्नेह में क्यों बदल गया?

ड़) आत्मनिरीक्षण का क्या अर्थ है? आत्म निरीक्षण करने से क्या लाभ हैं?

च) ढोल की पोल कैसे खुली?

छ) 'माँ बीमार है और तब भी तुम खेल दिखाने चले आए' लेखक के ऐसा कहने पर छोटे जादूगर ने उसे तिरस्कार भरी दृष्टि से क्यों देखा?

ज) पहले पद के आधार पर कृष्ण की विशेषताओं का वर्णन कीजिए।

रामायण

प्र०10. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं 2 प्रश्नों के उत्तर तीन से चार लाईन में लिखिए। (6)

क) राम से बदला लेने के लिए रावण ने उनकी पत्नी सीता का अपहरण किया? क्या किसी से बदला लेने का यह तरीका सही कहा जा सकता है? तर्क सहित उत्तर लिखिए।

ख) राम के राज्याभिषेक का वर्णन कीजिए।

ग) हनुमान ने लंका का अवलोकन करते हुए क्या – क्या देखा?

SHARDEIN SCHOOL
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2022-23)
SUBJECT : SANSKRIT
CLASS – VI   **MM : 80**

नोट – सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य है। कार्य की स्वच्छता पर ध्यान दें।

प्र०1.   संस्कृत में कंठस्थ किया हुआ कोई एक श्लोक लिखिए।   (4)

प्र०2.   धातु रूप : पठ् धातु, लट् लकार, मध्यम पुरूष, तीनों वचन में।   (3)

प्र०3.   शब्द रूप : 'युष्मद्' तृतीया विभक्ति, तीनों वचन में।   (3)

प्र०4.   शब्दार्थ : कन्दुकेन , पत्राणि , कर्कशः , शावकाः , नृपस्य , नौकागृहे , देवालये , पादाभ्याम्   (8)

प्र०5.   रिक्त स्थान भरो।   (5)

क)   वयं _____ वदामः।   (मुखेन / मुखे)

ख)   माता _____ भोजनं यच्छति।   (पुत्राय / पुत्रस्य)

ग)   बालाः _____ पठन्ति।   (शिक्षकेन / शिक्षकात्)

घ)   _____ जलं पवित्रम् अस्ति।   (गंगया / गंगायाः)

ड)   _____ अनेके जीवाः वसन्ति।   (जलेन / जले)

प्र०6.   उचित कर्त्ता पद भरिए।   (5)

क)   _____ लिखति।

ख)   _____ हसतः।

ग)   _____ वदन्ति।

घ)   _____ क्रीडति।

ड)   _____ नमन्ति।

प्र०7.   उचित क्रिया पद भरिए।   (5)

क)   राधिका पुस्तकं _____ ।   (पठ्)

ख)   सा किं _____ ।   (खाद्)

ग)   यूयं ईश्वरं _____ ।   (भज्)

घ)   युवां चित्रं _____ ।   (दृश्)

ड)   त्वं जनकं _____ ।   (नम्)

प्र०8.   प्रश्न निर्माण कीजिए।   (5)

क)   पर्वतात् नदी वहति।

ख)   बालकः भीतः अस्ति।

ग)   वृक्षातः पत्राणि पतन्ति।

घ)   मेघेभ्यः वर्षा भवति।

ड)   बालकाः फलानि खादन्ति।

प्र०9.   अशुद्ध को शुद्ध कीजिए।   (5)

क)   सिंहाः वानराः च वनाय वसन्ति।

ख)   भारतेन अनेकानि प्रसिद्धानि तीर्थानि सन्ति।

ग)   जलेभ्यः सुन्दराणि कमलानि विकसन्ति।

घ)   सः गीतं गायसि।

ड)   तौ पत्रम् लिखन्ति।

प्र०10. कोष्ठक में से उचित विकल्प चुनिए।   (5)

क)   घूमने के लिए   (भ्रमणम् , भ्रमणाय , भ्रमणेन)

ख)   अनेक फलों के लिए   (फलैः , फलेभ्य , फलानि)

ग)   प्रकाश के लिए   (प्रकाशम् , प्रकाशाभ्याम् , प्रकाशाय)

घ)   दो नेत्रों के लिए   (नेत्राभ्याम् , नेत्रे , नेत्रेण)

ड़)   अनेक लड़कियों के लिए   (बालिकायै , बालिकाभ्यः , बालिकाभ्याम्)

प्र०11. एक पद में उत्तर दीजिए।   (16)

क)   छात्रः केन लिखति?

ख)   सूर्यः कस्मै भवति?

ग)   गंगा कुतः निस्सरति?

घ)   कस्य स्वरः कर्कशः भवति?

ड़)   छात्राः कुत्र पठन्ति?

च)   अरुणः किं खादति?

छ)   रामस्य पत्नी का अस्ति?

ज)   गायिका किं गास्यति?

प्र०12. निम्नलिखित संख्याओं को संस्कृत में लिखिए।   (6)

1 , 6 , 7 , 10 , 13 , 19

प्र०13. संस्कृत में अनुवाद कीजिए।   (10)

क)   वह कलम से लिखता है।

ख)   धर्म के बिना सुख नहीं है।

ग)   उद्यान के फूल सुन्दर हैं।

घ)   पेड़ों पर घोंसले हैं।

ड़)   मछलियाँ तालाब में रहती हैं।