

**SHARDEIN SCHOOL**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2022-23)**  
**SUBJECT : ART & CRAFT**  
**CLASS – VII**

**MM : 80**

**General Instructions :**

- a) *Attempt all questions.*
- b) *Label your craft and sheet properly i.e. name, class, section & roll no.*
- c) *Use the medium as given.*

Q1. Draw a poster design and complete it with poster colours. (25)

‘USE HELMET. SAVE LIFE’

Or

‘EAT HEALTHY. STAY HEALTHY’

Q2. Draw a sketch of Fruit Basket and complete it with pencil colours. (15)

Q3. Draw a design of Mandala Art using Black sketch pen. (15)

Or

Draw a scenery using rubbing technique.

Q4. Craft work. (25)

**SHARDEIN SCHOOL**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2022-23)**  
**SUBJECT : ENGLISH**  
**CLASS – VII**

**MM : 80**

**SECTION – A : READING**

**A1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions.**

The Gateway of India is an arc monument built during the 20th century in Bombay, India. The monument was erected to, commemorate the landing of King George V and Queen Mary at Apollo Bundar on their visit to India in 1911.

Built in Indo-Saracenic style the foundation stone for the Gateway of India was laid on 31 March 1911. The structure is an arc made of basalt, 26 metres (85 feet) high .The final design of George Wittet was sanctioned in 1914 and the construction of the monument was complete in 1924. The Gateway was later used as a symbolic ceremonial entrance to India for Viceroy's and the new Governors of Bombay. It served to allow entry and access to India.

The Gateway of India is located on the waterfront at Apollo Bunder area as the end of Chhatrapati Shivaji Marg in South Mumbai and overlooks the Arabian Sea .The monument has also been referred to as the Taj Mahal of Mumbai ,and is the city's top tourist attraction .

- a) When was Gateway of India built?
- b) In which year did George V and Queen Mary visit India?
- c) Why was the Gateway of India built?
- d) What purpose does the Gateway of India serve?
- e) Where is the Gateway of India located?
- f) When was the foundation stone of the Gateway of India laid?
- g) Find words from the passage which mean the same as the following
  - a. built (para 1)
  - b. given permission (para 2)
- h) Tick the correct option:
  - a. What is the Gateway of India made of?
    - i) cement
    - ii) sandstone
    - iii) basalt
    - iv) marble
  - b. When was the construction of the Gateway of India completed?
    - i) 1911
    - ii) 1914
    - iii) 1924
    - iv) 1925

**A2. Read the following poem carefully and answer the questions.**

Our window is a magic frame  
with pictures never twice the same.  
Sometimes it frames a sunset sky,  
where clouds of gold and purple lie.  
And sometimes on a windless night,  
it holds a great moon round and white.  
Sometimes it frames a lawn and flowers,  
where children play through summer hours.  
Sometimes a tree of gold and red,  
and grass where crisp brown leaves are shed.  
Sometimes it: shows the wind-blown rain,  
or snowflakes cold against the pane.  
Our window frames lovely things,  
That every changing season brings.

- a) Why did the poet call the window a magic frame?
- b) What does the window hold on the windless night?
- c) Complete the following sentence from the poem:
  - a. The window shows the sunset sky where the clouds of and \_\_\_\_\_ lie.
- d) Write the words from the passage which mean the same as:
  - a. brittle
  - b. sheet of glass
- e) Give a suitable title to the poem.
- f) Write the rhyme scheme of the first stanza.
- g) Write two pairs of rhyming words.
- h) Pick out two adjectives used for the moon in the poem.

**SECTION - B : WRITING**

- B1. Your friends are going to watch a movie. Write a dialogue between you and your mom, trying to convince her to allow you to accompany your friends for the movie show. (Word limit: 60) (5)
- B2. Write factual description about a gift you got on your birthday. (Word limit: 100) (7)
- B3. You and your cousin love to read books and also enjoy exchanging notes on whatever you read. Write a letter to your cousin recommending a book you read recently, and thoroughly enjoyed. (Word limit: 120) (8)

**SECTION - C : GRAMMAR**

C1. The following lines have not been edited. There is an error in each line. Write the incorrect word and the correction.

	Incorrect	Correction
If we wants to live long and avoid sickness	_____	_____
we should continuously keep your body.	_____	_____
and our brain active by doing all our duties faithful,	_____	_____
by learning and adopting the principles of a healthy life.	_____	_____

C2. Rearrange the following words to make meaningful sentences.

- a) his / Naitik / yesterday/ had / haircut
- b) patients / this / hundred / hospital / accommodate / can

C3. Change into Passive voice

- a) He promised me a present.
- b) Where did Rahul lose his watch?

C4. Change into indirect speech

- a) She said, "What a good painting it is!"
- b) He said to me, "Have you read this book or the other one?"

C5. Write the meaning of the following

- a) The grass is always greener on the other side
- b) Set up

C6. a) Join the sentences using coordinating conjunction

My friends come to see me every day. I rarely visit them.

- b) Choose the correct preposition from the bracket.

The boy broke the window \_\_\_\_\_ a stone. (with / by)

C7. a) Complete the sentence using the correct degree of adjective

The princess was \_\_\_\_\_ than the queen mother. (beautiful)

- b) Pick out the adverb and state its kind

He rarely goes to cinema.

C8. a) Add a subordinate clause to each of these independence clause

\_\_\_\_\_, the fire spread in every direction.

- b) Use this phrase to make a sentence

Through the field

C9. a) Insert articles wherever necessary

Deal was signed by two countries.

- b) Choose the correct verb to complete each sentence

One of my best friends (is / are) going on a trip to London.

### SECTION - D : LITERATURE

- D1. Why did the Immediate Upstart Funder start shaking on a Sunday morning?
- D2. What was the one regret that the Professor had about his invention?
- D3. What do you think is the tone and mood of the speaker in the poem ' Goodbye party for Miss Pushpa T. S.?'
- D4. The Faun asked Lucy if she was 'Daughter of Eve'. What did he mean?
- D5. When Michael exits, Ma Ryan hurriedly slams the door. What does this show?
- D6. Who do you think are the inmates of the house? Give reasons to support your answer?
- D7. Why was it always winter in Narnia?
- D8. What had tempted the tiger and what had scared it away?
- D9. Select the correct option to complete the following questions. (4)
- a) The confusion at the end of the story clears when
    - a. All the photographs are burned
    - b. The magic liquid dries up.
    - c. Mrs. Flittersnoop comes back.
    - d. Prof. Brainstawn's book gets published.
  - b) Ma Ryan's chief concern about her son's current job is that
    - a. He deserves a better job.
    - b. He doesn't get enough sleep.
    - c. He is at risk with the police.
    - d. He keeps bad company.
  - c) The traveller had come to the house because.
    - a. He was fulfilling a promise
    - b. He wanted to find out who lived there.
    - c. He had to take something he had left behind.
    - d. His horse had brought him there.
  - d) The speaker is talking about Miss Pushpa on the occasion of
    - a. New year party
    - b. Farewell party
    - c. Birthday party
    - d. Fresher's party

**SHARDEIN SCHOOL**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2022-23)**  
**SUBJECT : SCIENCE**  
**CLASS – VII**

**MM : 80**

(8)

Q1. Choose the correct option:

- a) Heat transfers in solids and liquids respectively by
  - a. convection only
  - b. conduction and convection
  - c. conduction only
  - d. radiation and convection
- b) Products of anaerobic respiration are
  - a. alcohol and water
  - b. alcohol and carbon dioxide
  - c. carbon dioxide and energy
  - d. alcohol, carbon-dioxide and energy
- c) Thickest chamber of heart is
  - a. right atrium
  - b. left atrium
  - c. left ventricle
  - d. right ventricle
- d) Water present on surface is termed as
  - a. surface water
  - b. ground water
  - c. freshwater
  - d. tap water
- e) Majority of water in India is used for
  - a. Agriculture
  - b. Industries
  - c. Domestic use
  - d. Power plants
- f) An increase in the atmospheric temperature is called
  - a. global warming
  - b. afforestation
  - c. deforestation
  - d. forest fires
- g) Which of these we do not get from forests?
  - a. timber and oils
  - b. plastic and cement
  - c. rubber and medicines
  - d. oxygen
- h) Water of \_\_\_\_\_ contains many minerals due to which it is bottled and sold.
  - a. ponds
  - b. oceans
  - c. natural springs
  - d. glaciers

Q2. Fill in the blanks with correct answer:

(10)

- a) Boiling point of water in Kelvin scale is \_\_\_\_\_.
- b) The trachea branches into a pair of \_\_\_\_\_ in the lungs.
- c) Yeast carry out \_\_\_\_\_ respiration.
- d) Rhythmic contractions and \_\_\_\_\_ of heart muscles are called heart-beats.
- e) In \_\_\_\_\_ respiration, carbon dioxide, water and energy are formed.
- f) \_\_\_\_\_ refers to large - scale planting of trees to replace that have been felled.
- g) In flowers of \_\_\_\_\_ plant, only cross -pollination occurs.
- h) \_\_\_\_\_ or "Inverted Umbrella" is a device that captures rainwater in monsoon.
- i) Source of freshwater on earth is \_\_\_\_\_.
- j) \_\_\_\_\_ salt is used in photography.

- Q3. State true or false for the following statements and write the correct statement for the false ones: (5)
- Wood and copper are good conductors of heat.
  - In root respiration, roots take in oxygen and give off carbon dioxide.
  - Carbon dioxide is formed as a result of photosynthesis and get released to the surroundings by stomata.
  - Red blood cells are responsible for blood clotting.
  - Highly acidic soil can be treated by adding lime.
- Q4. Give any two examples for the following: (5)
- Organic acids
  - Animals that breathe through their gills
  - Plants in which seed - dispersal occur by wind
  - Freshwater bodies
  - Plants that provide essential oils
- Q5. Write one word for the following: (10)
- Substances that show colour change when brought in contact with acids and bases
  - Organ that stores urine temporarily
  - Male and female parts of a flower
  - A clock that uses movement of sun across sky to calculate time of a day
  - Chemical name of washing soda
  - A device consisted of U-shaped electromagnet, hammer and a gong based on heating effect of electric current.
  - Water flowing out to the surface of ground forms.
  - Another name for underground water
  - Irritating plants drop by drop
  - System of pipelines used to carry sewage
- Q6. Answer the following questions in 20 - 30 words: (10)
- Differentiate between xylem and phloem.
  - Draw symbols for battery, bulb, an open key and a wire.
  - Write any two uses of sludge
  - Write any 4 uses of forests
  - Describe any 2 sources of waste water.

Q7. Answer the following questions in brief: (12)

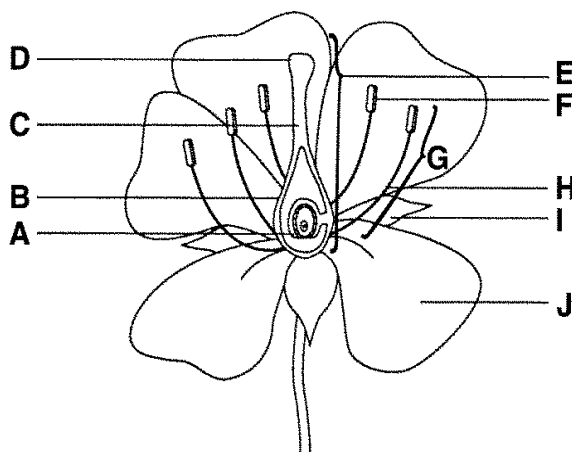
- a) Define:
- a. Electric fuse
  - b. Electromagnet
  - c. Electric current
- b) Explain process of breathing in a fish.
- c) Elaborate the process of sea-breeze and land-breeze with the help of diagrams.
- d) Define and draw a well-labelled diagram of "Water Cycle".

Or

Draw a well-labelled diagram of "Human Urinary System"

Q8. Answer the following questions in detail: (Do any 4)

- a) Study the following diagram and label its parts (5)



- b) a. Define deforestation. (1)
- b. Explain any 2 consequences of deforestation. (2)
- c. Mention 4 layers of a forest. (2)
- c) a. A toy car travels 49 m in 7 seconds. Calculate its speed. (2)
- b. Define uniform and non-uniform motions with one example each. (2)
- c. State S.I. Units of distance and time. (1)
- d) Define: (5)
- a. sewage
  - b. sludge
  - c. scum
  - d. Incineration
  - e. eutrophication
- e) a. Write any 2 diseases that occur due to consuming untreated water. (1)
- b. Give one difference between producers and consumers. (1)
- c. Sort out following chemicals as acid, base or salt: (1)
- Oil of vitriol, sodium chloride, calcium hydroxide and acetic acid
- e. Write names of 4 chambers of heart. (2)



**SHARDEIN SCHOOL**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2022-23)**  
**SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**CLASS – VII**

**MM : 80**

*Note:- All questions are compulsory*

Q1. Based on your understanding tick the correct option. (6)

- a) The Alvars were devotees of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Lord Shiva                      b. Lord Vishnu                      c. Both of these
- b) Brij Bhasha and Khari boli are forms of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Tamil                              b. Sanskrit                              c. Hindi
- c) The animal known as the ship of the desert is the \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Camel                              b. Addax                              c. Jackal
- d) The Amazon rainforest is the home to the largest snake in the world, the \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Anaconda                      b. Python                              c. Rattlesnake
- e) The Beti Bachao Beti Padhao scheme was launched in the year \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. 2013                              b. 2016                              c. 2015
- f) Those who buy goods and services for their use are known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Producers                      b. Consumers                              c. Traders

Q2. State whether the following statements are true or false and rewrite the incorrect statement to correct them. (4)

- a) Rani Durgawati founded Muslim League.
- b) The first Indian cotton mill was established in Bombay.
- c) The percentage of total population that is able to read and write is known as birth rate.
- d) The accused is defended by a lawyer who is given an opportunity to cross-examine all the prosecution witnesses.

Q3. Answer the following questions in one sentence. (6)

- a) What is the meaning of the term patrilineal?
- b) Nund Rishi was a sufi mystic from which region of India?
- c) Define mangal kavyas.
- d) What did Awadh, Bengal and Hyderabad have in common?
- e) Define ecosystem.
- f) Who and in which year, laid the foundation of railway in India?
- g) Where is the Sahara Desert located?
- h) What is the Sundarbans National Park?
- i) What is meant by stereotype?
- j) Name two kinds of markets?

Q4. Answer the following questions in brief. (24)

- a) Define the Paik system?
- b) Write a short note on the main features of Mughal paintings.
- c) Write a short note on wildlife in tropical grasslands.
- d) What is meant by rural-urban dependence?
- e) What is the main difference between the Thar Desert and Ladakh?
- f) What is National Health Mission?
- g) How are women viewed in public spaces
- h) How is a mobile trader or vendor different from a fixed shop retailer?

Q5. Answer the following questions in detail. (Do any 5) (20)

- a) Mughal architecture reached the peak of its Glory under Shah Jahan's patronage justify the statement with suitable examples.
- b) Define Sufism and its major tenets.
- c) Describe the wide variety of wildlife available in the Amazon Basin.
- d) What are the reasons for the success of Kerala's Healthcare programs?
- e) Write a short note on the concept of e-Choupal.
- f) How do women contribute to the informal sector?

Q6. On an outline map of the world Mark the following. (6)

- a) Any three cities that were part of Sikh state.
- b) Name the cities that were part of Maratha Kingdom.



- Q11. The \_\_\_\_\_ can produce the most violent winds and suffer the most violent weather in the solar system.
- a) Jupiter
  - b) Neptune
  - c) Uranus
- Q12. The Indian Space Research Organisation is the primary government run body for space research in India. It was established in \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) 1929
  - b) 1969
  - c) 1989
- Q13. The planet that is called the Earth's twin.
- a) Venus
  - b) Mars
  - c) Saturn
- Q14. If you have it, you don't share it. If you share it, you don't have it. What is it?
- a) A plan
  - b) A secret
  - c) A gift
- Q15. This unusual forest in Poland is a grove of some 400 oddly-shaped pine trees. The pine trees grow northward with a severe 90 degree bend at the base but then curve back to grow straight up into the sky.
- a) Sherwood Forest
  - b) Crooked Forest
  - c) Boreal Forest
- Q16. Who was the first dalit president of India?
- a) Zail Singh
  - b) Droupdi Murmu
  - c) K. R. Narayan
- Q17. Which activist and scholar first used the word 'Dalit' for scheduled castes of India?
- a) BR Ambedkar
  - b) Mahatma Gandhi
  - b) Jyotirao Phule
- Q18. Food energy is measured in Kilojoules or calories.
- a) True
  - b) False
- Q19. A Crescograph is a device that measures plant growth.
- a) True
  - b) False
- Q20. Which historic train playing between Paris and Istanbul is featured in an Agatha Christie novel?
- a) Orient Express
  - b) Glacier Express
  - c) The Blue Train
- Q21. In which sport is the participant called pugilist?
- a) Football
  - b) Cricket
  - c) Boxing
- Q22. Which city hosted the 2020 Paralympic Games?
- a) Tokyo
  - b) Bengaluru
  - c) Berlin

- Q23. What is the process of wearing down of top soil by forces of nature like wind and water called?
- a) Global warming
  - b) Precipitation
  - c) Soil erosion
- Q24. Which Pilgrimage site of North India was devastated by landslides and massive flash flood in 2013?
- a) Badrinath
  - b) Kedarnath
  - c) Somnath
- Q25. The big cat survive only in the Gir Forest Reserve.
- a) Bengal Tiger
  - b) Asiatic Lion
  - c) Leopard
- Q26. Found in New Zealand, it is the world's heaviest and only flightless parrot?
- a) Ostrich
  - b) Dodo
  - c) Kakapo
- Q27. Which is the latest country to become a member of the UN in 2011.
- a) South Korea
  - b) North Korea
  - c) South Sudan
- Q28. Name the United States President who coined the term United Nations.
- a) Franklin D. Roosevelt
  - b) Kofi Annan
  - c) Vijay Laxmi Pandit
- Q29. \_\_\_\_\_ was the first car manufacturer to utilise electrical starters in 1912.
- a) Jeana Yeager
  - b) Nautilus
  - c) Cadillac
- Q30. Who led the Indian women's hockey team at the Olympic Games Tokyo 2020?
- a) Rani Rampal
  - b) Dhvani Vijayaraje
  - c) Vijya Laxmi Pandit
- Q31. An American educator and author she became the first blind person to graduate from college.
- a) Anne Frank
  - b) Helen Keller
  - c) Annie Basent
- Q32. The study of animal is called.
- a) Apiculture
  - b) Botany
  - c) Zoology
- Q33. In which year was the format of T20 cricket introduced?
- a) 2001
  - b) 2003
  - c) 2005
- Q34. Which country won the ICC Women's T20 world cup in 2020?
- a) Australia
  - b) England
  - c) Pakistan

Q35. Who was the first female President of India?

- a) Droupdi Murmu
- b) Pratibha Patil
- c) Indira Gandhi

Q36. Which Indian personality has won the 'Changemaker' award at the UN SDG Action Awards?

- a) Srishti Bakshi
- b) Kapil Mandawewala
- c) Amit Saraogi
- d) Kaif Ali

Q37. Which city is the host of the 36th National Games of India, 2022?

- a) Roorkee
- b) Bengaluru
- c) Ahmedabad
- d) Chennai

Q38. Which state is set to set up world's largest jungle safari park across 10,000 acres?

- a) Tamil Nadu
- b) Madhya Pradesh
- c) Haryana
- d) Nagaland

Q39. 'Universal Service Obligation Fund (USOF)' is associated with which Union Ministry?

- a) Ministry of Communications
- b) Ministry of Electronics and IT
- c) Ministry of MSME
- d) Ministry of Commerce and Industry

Q40. Sukapaika River, which was seen in the news, is located in which state?

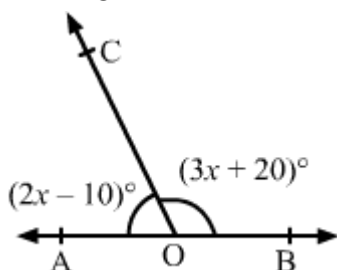
- a) Odisha
- b) West Bengal
- c) Bihar
- d) Uttarakhand



## SECTION – B

*Each Question carries 03 marks.*

- Q11. A bus is moving at an average speed of  $46\frac{2}{3}$  km/hr. How much distance will it cover in  $2\frac{2}{5}$  hours?
- Q12. Find the value of n when:
- Write the reciprocal of  $(-\frac{3}{5})^{61}$ .
  - Express  $6.5 \times 10^5$  in usual form.
- Q13. Simplify:
- $(x^2 - 5x + 8)(x^2 + 2)$
- Q14. Rahul's father is thrice as old as Rahul. After 12 years he will be just twice his son find their present age.
- Q15. At what rate percent per annum simple interest will be sum treble itself in 16 years?
- Q16. In the given figure, AOB is a straight line and the rays OC and OD stand on it.



If angle AOB =  $65^\circ$ , angle BOD =  $70^\circ$  and angle COD =  $x$ . Find the value of  $x$ .

- Q17. The acute angles of a right angle triangle are in ratio 2:1. Find each of these angles.
- Q18. Construct an equilateral triangle each of whose sides measures 6.2 cm major each one of its angles.
- Q19. A branda is 40 m long and 15 m broad it is to be paved with stones each measuring 6 dm by 5 dm. Find the number of stones required.
- Q20. In a survey of hundred ladies it was founded 36 like coffee while 64 dislike it. Out of these ladies one is chosen at random what is the probability that the choosen lady is.
- like coffee
  - dislike coffee

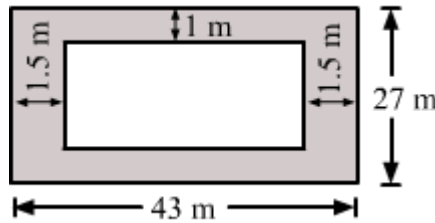
## SECTION – C

*Each Question carry 4 marks.*

- Q21. What number must be added to each of the number 10, 18, 22 and 38 to get the numbers which are in proportion?
- Q22. On selling a computer for Rs. 24,480 a dealer losses 4%. For how much should he sell it to gain 4%?
- Q23. The simple interest on a certain sum for 3 years at 8% per annum is Rs. 96 more than the simple interest on the same sum for 2 years at 9% per annum. Find the sum.
- Q24. Construct a triangle ABC in which BC = 4.3cm, angle C =  $45^\circ$  and AC = 6cm.



Q25. Calculate the area of shaded region in the figure given below.



### SECTION – D

*Do any 4. Each Question carry 5 marks.*

Q26. A rhombus has a same perimeter as the circumference of a circle, if each side of the rhombus measure 33cm. Find the radius of a circle.

Q27. Calculate the mean and median of the following data and calculate mode using empirical formula.

Marks	Number of Student
10	3
11	5
12	4
13	5
14	2
16	3
19	2
20	1

Q28. The birth rate per 1000 in 5 countries over a period of time is shown below:

Country	China	India	Germany	U.K.	Sweden
Birth rate per thousand	42	35	14	28	21

Represent the above data by graph.

Q29. By selling 36 oranges a vendor surface are loss equal to the selling price of 4 oranges. Find his loss percent.

Q30. Nikhil's income is 20% less than that of Akhil. How much percent is Akhil's income more than that of Nikhil's?

**SHARDEIN SCHOOL**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2022-23)**  
**SUBJECT : SANSKRIT**  
**CLASS – VII**

**MM : 80**

**नोट – सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। कार्य की स्वच्छता पर ध्यान दें।**

- प्र०1. कोई एक श्लोक संस्कृत में लिखिए जो इस प्रश्न पत्र में न हो। (3)
- प्र०2. शब्द रूप लिखिए। (3)  
‘मातृ’ चतुर्थी विभक्ति, तीनों वचन में।
- प्र०3. धातु रूप लिखिए। (3)  
‘भू’ धातु, लङ् लकार, उत्तम पुरुष, तीनों वचन में।
- प्र०4. शब्दार्थ लिखिए। (5)  
प्रभाते , जीर्णम् , अमृतम धुरा , मनोज्ञा , आपणम्।
- प्र०5. निम्न श्लोक का हिंदी अर्थ लिखिए। (3)  
प्रदोषे दीपकः चन्द्रः, प्रभाते दीपकः रविः।  
त्रैलोक्ये दीपकः धर्मः सुपुत्रः कुलदीपकः।।
- प्र०6. प्रकृति प्रत्यय-विभाग कीजिए। (4)  
भूत्वा , गत्वा , द्रष्टुम् , परित्यज्य।
- प्र०7. रिक्त स्थानों में उचित अव्यय भरिए। (4)  
( कदापि , कस्मिश्चित् , अधुना , कुत्र )  
क) ग्रीष्मावकाशेषु यूयम् \_\_\_\_\_ अगच्छत्?  
ख) \_\_\_\_\_ देशे एकः नृपः आसीत्।  
ग) \_\_\_\_\_ असत्यं मा वद।  
घ) \_\_\_\_\_ त्वम् किम् करोषि?
- प्र०8. उपसर्ग और क्रिया अलग करके लिखिए। (4)  
अनुकरोति , आपतति , उद्भवति , उपकरोति।
- प्र०9. संधि और संधि-विच्छेद कीजिए। (4)  
विद्या + आलय , गणेशः , लघूत्तरः , अतीव।
- प्र०10. प्रश्न निर्माण कीजिए। (5)  
( कस्मै , कस्याः , कुत्र , कीदृशम् )  
क) सः पौष्टिकम् भोजनं खादेत्।  
ख) प्रातः भ्रमणम् स्वास्थ्याय हितकरम् भवति।  
ग) अद्य तौ विपणिम् अगच्छताम्।  
घ) रामः स्वमातुः आज्ञां पालयेत्।  
ङ) दुग्धम् तु महयम् न रोचते।
- प्र०11. विलोम शब्द लिखिए। (5)  
प्रदोषः , एकः , निर्धनः , मधुरम् , भयः।

- प्र०12. संस्कृत में अनुवाद कीजिए। (5)
- क) एक बार राजा जंगल में गया।  
 ख) ईश्वर सबको सदबुद्धि दे।  
 ग) जल को भी प्रदूषण से बचाओ।  
 घ) हम सिनेमा देखने जाएँगे।  
 ङ) हमें सदा सत्य और मधुर बोलना चाहिए।
- प्र०13. निम्न पदों का परिचय लिखिए। (8)
- धनिकस्य , जीवान् , दोरकेण , कुर्वन्तु।
- प्र०14. गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। (5)
- एकः सिद्धार्थः नगरस्य सौन्दर्यम् द्रष्टुम् अवाञ्छत्। पितुः समीपं गत्वा सः अवदत् – “भो तात! अहम् नगरं द्रष्टुम् इच्छामि। कृपया मम यात्रायाः प्रबन्धं कारय।” पिता अकथयत् – “गच्छ; गच्छ पुत्र। एषा यात्रा तव शुभाय भवतु।” सारथिना सह रथं आरूढय सिद्धार्थः नगरम् द्रष्टुम् प्राचलत्।
- एक पद में उत्तर दीजिए।**
- क) सिद्धार्थः कस्य सौन्दर्यम् द्रष्टुम् अवाञ्छत्?  
 ख) पितुः समीपं गत्वा कः अवदत्?  
 ग) केन सह सिद्धार्थः अगच्छत्?  
 घ) सिद्धार्थः कस्य समीपम् अगच्छत्?  
 ङ) “नगरस्य” पदे का विभक्ति?
- प्र०15. कथाक्रमानुसार लिखिए। (7)
- क) तत्पश्चात् सर्वे जीवाः सुखेन तस्मिन् वने अवसन्।  
 ख) भासुरकः कूपमध्ये आत्मनः प्रतिबिम्बं दृष्ट्वा सिंहनादम् अकरोत्।  
 ग) कस्मिंश्चित् वने भासुरकः नाम सिंहः वसति स्म।  
 घ) एकदा एकस्य शशकस्य वारः आसीत्।  
 ङ) एवं समयं कृत्वा सर्वे पशवः वने निर्भयाः भ्रमन्ति स्म।  
 च) तम् शत्रुम् कूपमध्ये मत्वा भासुरकः आत्मनः तस्मिन् निक्षिप्य प्राणान् अत्यजत्।  
 छ) तदा शशकः भासुरकं कूपस्य समीपम् नयति।
- प्र०16. एक पद में प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए। (12)
- क) पठनं किमर्थम् आवश्यकम्?  
 ख) कया सर्वेषाम् रक्षा भवति?  
 ग) सिद्धार्थः कस्य पुत्रः आसीत्?  
 घ) लोके किम् शीतलं भवति?  
 ङ) भृत्यः कीदृशः आसीत्?  
 च) भृत्यः दुग्धम् आनेतुम् कुत्र अगच्छत्?

**SHARDEIN SCHOOL**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2022-23)**  
**SUBJECT : HINDI**  
**CLASS – VII**

**MM : 80**

**नोट – सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं। सभी प्रश्नों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर स्वच्छतापूर्वक उत्तर लिखिए।**

- प्र०1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें तथा पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उचित उत्तर लिखिए। (5)
- पुराने जमाने में उज्जैन में भोज नाम का एक बड़ा नामवर राजा हुआ था। वह बहुत पढ़ा-लिखा था तथा पंडितों और विद्वानों की बड़ी कद्र करता था। कहते हैं, जब उसके पिता का देहांत हुआ तब उसकी उम्र सात वर्ष की थी। वह राज का काम संभालने के लायक न था, इसलिए वहाँ के सरदारों ने आपस में सलाह करके फैसला किया कि भोज के बड़े होने तक उसका चाचा मनुज राज्य का काम संभाले।
- मनुज राज करने लगा, लेकिन कुछ दिनों के बाद उसकी नीयत खराब हो गई। राज का मजा उठा लेने के बाद अब वह गद्दी को छोड़ना नहीं चाहता था। वह कोई ऐसी तरकीब सोचने लगा कि हमेशा वह राज्य का मालिक बना रहे। यह उसी हालत में मुमकिन था जबकि भोज इस दुनिया में न रहे। मनुज का मंत्री नेक और सच्चा आदमी था उसने जब देखा कि मनुज की नीयत खराब हो रही है, उसे भोज पर दया आई। उसने सोचा, 'यह उसी राजा का लड़का है, जिसका मैंने नमक खाया है। अतः मुझे इसे किसी भी तरह बचाना होगा।'
- सही विकल्प चुने।
- क) राजा भोज की क्या विशेषता थी?
- अ) वह पंडितों और विद्वानों की कद्र करता था।      ब) वह युद्ध कौशल में श्रेष्ठ था।  
स) वह अत्यंत हंसमुख इंसान था।      द) वह श्रेष्ठ योद्धा था।
- ख) पिता के देहांत के बाद भोज राज का काम संभालने के योग्य क्यों नहीं था?
- अ) वह घमंडी था।      ब) वह क्रूर था।  
स) उसकी उम्र मात्र सात वर्ष थी।      द) उसे प्रजा पसंद नहीं करती थी।
- ग) भोज के पिता के मरने पर किसने राज्य संभाला?
- अ) उसके दादा मनुज ने      ब) उसकी माता मनुज ने  
स) उसके चाचा मनुज ने      द) उसके बड़े भाई मनुज ने
- घ) मनुष्य का मंत्री कैसा आदमी था?
- अ) वह नेक और सच्चा था।      ब) वह चालाक था।  
स) वह लालची था।      द) वह नमक हराम था।
- ङ) दिए गए विकल्पों में से व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा छाँटिए।
- अ) मंत्री      ब) राजा  
स) उज्जैन      द) पंडित
- प्र०2. निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। (5)
- एक बीज था था गया बहुत ही गहराई में बोया।  
उसी बीज के अंतर में था नन्हा पौधा सोया।  
उस पौधे को मंद पवन ने पास आकर जगाया।  
नन्ही नन्ही बूंदों ने फिर उस पर जल बरसाया।  
सूरज बोला, प्यारे पौधे, निंद्रा दूर भगाओ।

अलसाई आंखें खोलो तुम उठकर बाहर आओ।

नींद छोड़, आलस्य त्याग पौधा बाहर आया।

बाहर का संसार बड़ा ही अद्भुत उसने पाया।

- क) बीज के अंतर में क्या सोया था?  
ख) नन्हे पौधे को किस प्रकार जगाया गया?  
ग) सूरज ने पौधे से क्या कहा?  
घ) पौधे ने क्या किया?  
ङ) 'संसार' दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए।

प्र०3. पत्र लेखन। (5)

अपने स्कूल के वार्षिकोत्सव का वर्णन करते हुए अपने मित्र को पत्र लिखिए।

प्र०4. अनुच्छेद लेखन। (शब्द सीमा – 80 से 100) (5)

'प्रदूषण की समस्या'

संकेत बिंदु – प्रदूषण का अर्थ , प्रदूषण के प्रकार , प्रदूषण के कारण , प्रदूषण से निपटने के उपाय

प्र०5. संवाद लेखन। (5)

जन्मदिन की तैयारी को लेकर माँ बेटी के बीच संवाद लिखिए।

### व्याकरण

प्र०6. निर्देशानुसार पूर्ण कीजिए।

(16)

- क) अंग्रेजी (लिपि लिखिए)  
ख) दिल्ली (वर्ण विच्छेद कीजिए)  
ग) मयूर (तद्भव शब्द लिखिए)  
घ) सूर्य (दो-दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए)  
ङ) शिक्षित (विलोम शब्द लिखिए)  
च) जो बहुत मूल्यवान हो। (वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए)  
छ) पढ़ाई (प्रत्यय और मूल शब्द अलग कीजिए)  
ज) पाप – पुण्य (समास विग्रह कर समास का नाम लिखिए)  
झ) गंगा हिमालय से निकलती है। (संज्ञा का भेद लिखिए)  
ण) लेखक (लिंग परिवर्तन कर लिखिए)  
ट) तितली फूल पर बैठी है। (वचन बदलकर लिखिए)  
ठ) कुम्हार मिट्टी से बर्तन बनाता है। (कारक पहचान कर भेद लिखिए)  
ड) पिताजी ने सबके कपड़े धोबी से धुलवाएं। (रचना की दृष्टि से क्रिया का भेद लिखिए)  
ढ) शायद इस रविवार हम ताजमहल देखने जाएंगे। (काल का भेद(उपभेद) लिखिए)  
ञ) अतिथि (वर्तनी शुद्ध करके लिखिए)

प्र०7. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

(5)

मेरी निर्माण के लिए की गई संकल्पना अत्यंत अनोखी थी। मुझे एक विशाल सूर्य रथ के रूप में बनाया गया। इसके हर भाग की नक्काशी अनमोल है। यह रथ सूर्य की द्रुत गति का प्रतीक है जिसे सात विलक्षण घोड़े तेजी से खींच रहे हैं। इस रथ में 10 फीट व्यास के चौबीस पहिए लगे हुए हैं। इन वृहदाकार पहियों की नक्काशी अत्यंत खूबसूरत है। इस प्रकार मेरे निर्माण की संकल्पना ही अत्यंत ऐश्वर्य पूर्ण थी और यही कारण है कि मैं भारत की वास्तुकला का सर्वश्रेष्ठ उदाहरण हूँ। मेरा विशाल आकार, सूर्य रथ के रूप में भवन का परिशुद्ध अनुपात, विलक्षण वास्तुकला, भव्य शिल्प और अनूठी

संरचना सब कुछ दर्शनीय है। प्रवेश द्वार में दो सिंह रक्षक की तरह द्वार के दोनों ओर खड़े हैं। प्रत्येक सिंह के नीचे एक-एक हाथी हैं तथा हाथियों के नीचे एक – एक व्यक्ति है। वहीं से ऊपर जाती हुई सीढ़ियाँ द्वार में सबको ऊपर आने का आमंत्रण देता हूँ।

- क) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश में किसके निर्माण की बात की गई है?  
 ख) सूर्यरथ को कौन तेजी से खींच रहे हैं?  
 ग) सूर्य रथ में कैसे पहिए लगे हुए हैं?  
 घ) 'जो देखने योग्य हो' वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए।  
 ङ) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश के पाठ व लेखक का नाम लिखिए।
- प्र०8. निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। (5)

देव! तुम्हारे कई उपासक, कई ढंग से आते हैं।  
 सेवा में बहुमूल्य भेंट, वे कई रंग की लाते हैं।।  
 धूमधाम से साजबाज से, वे मंदिर में आते हैं।  
 मुक्तामणि बहुमूल्य वस्तुएँ, लाकर तुम्हें चढ़ाते हैं।।  
 मैं ही हूँ गरीबिनी ऐसी, जो कुछ साथ नहीं लाई।  
 फिर भी साहस कर मंदिर में, पूजा करने चली आई।।  
 धूप-दीप न वैद्य नहीं है, झांकी का श्रृंगार नहीं है।  
 हाय! गले में पहनाने को, फूलों का भी हार नहीं।।

- क) उपासक किस प्रकार से मंदिर में आते हैं?  
 ख) 'मुक्तामणि' का अर्थ लिखिए।  
 ग) कवयित्री ने अपने आप को गरीबिनी क्यों कहा है?  
 घ) कवयित्री के पास क्या-क्या नहीं है?  
 ङ) उपर्युक्त पद्यांश की कविता व कवयित्री का नाम लिखिए।
- प्र०9. शब्दार्थ लिखिए। (6)

अरमान , निधि , बाहुबल निंदक , घरौंदा , पर्दाफाश

- प्र०10. निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं 6 प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए। (18)
- क) बाबा भारती ने खड़क सिंह से क्या प्रार्थना की? उस प्रार्थना का खड़क सिंह पर क्या प्रभाव पड़ा?  
 ख) रहीम ने सबके साथ प्रेम से मिलकर रहने की बात क्यों की है?  
 ग) राजू ने रघु के साथ बुरा व्यवहार क्यों किया?  
 घ) भ्रष्टाचार के विरुद्ध लोगों का आक्रोश क्या सिद्ध करता है?  
 ङ) बत्तोरानी ने जब कड़वा काढ़ा पिलाने की बात कही तो मियां गुमसुम पर इसकी क्या प्रतिक्रिया हुई?  
 च) विज्ञापन के छपते ही सब और हलचल क्यों मच गई?  
 छ) ब्रह्मा, विष्णु और महेश तीनों लैपटॉप को देखकर क्यों चकित थे?  
 ज) नारदजी ने पर्यटन करते समय भगवान का नाम ले लेने का क्या कारण बताया?

### महाभारत

- प्र०11. किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए। (6)
- क) अश्वत्थामा ने दुर्योधन के दग्ध हृदय को कैसे शांत किया वह कितना उचित था?  
 ख) अभिमन्यु की वीरता और कौशल का वर्णन अपने शब्दों में कीजिए।  
 ग) "जहाँ कृष्ण हैं, वहीं धर्म है और जीत भी वहीं है" इस कथन के पक्ष-विपक्ष में अपने तर्क दीजिए।