

SHARDEIN SCHOOL
UNIT - I EXAMINATION (2025-26)
SUBJECT : ENGLISH
CLASS – VIII

TIME : 01 HOUR

MM : 25

SECTION – A : READING

A1. Read the following passage carefully:

Every moment of life is precious. Time is the essence of life. It is the wealth given to us by Nature. Every day all of us get 24 hours; nothing less, nothing more. Now, it is up to us how we use it. People who know how to make the best use of every moment easily open the doors of success in their lives and those who misuse time get failures one after the other. There is a saying that, "Spent time and spent words cannot come back." Everybody is tied by the limits of time; even God respects the boundaries of time.

Work wins appreciation only when it gets completed in a requisite time frame. Beyond the time allotted, work loses all its utility however good may have been its quality. Just as the falling of rains after the crops have dried up have no use; likewise, when the time is past the deadline, the work loses its importance and value.

When iron is hot it can be cast into whichever shape we want. Once it gets cold nothing can be made out of it, however, much we may beat the same. In the same way, a person who has learnt to wisely use his time and has understood how to cast himself according to the need of the time has actually learnt the true mantra of life.

Shakespeare wrote in one of his plays, "I wasted time, and now doth time waste me." It is true that a person who wastes even a little bit of time loses wonderful opportunities that he could have otherwise availed of by utilizing that time. All the great leaders have one thing in common.

They wisely utilize every moment of their time. When other people are busy wasting time in laziness, great men are busy in making plans for the future. There is no person in history who wasted his time and still managed to achieve greatness. Therefore, there is a great need to manage time wisely. "Careful Time Management" refers to the careful planning of time and sincere execution of this plan.

This is the only mantra to attain success in any endeavour. A simple change in outlook and some modification in one's daily routine can result in a big jump forward towards greater achievements.

Questions :

(5)

- a) What is the essence of life?
- b) What kind of people opens the doors of success of their life?
- c) When does the work lose its importance and value?
- d) Who has learnt the true mantra of life?
- e) What is needed for careful time management?

SECTION – B : WRITING

- B1. Write a letter to your friend encouraging him/her to take part in the Tree Plantation drive. (Word limit : 120) (4)
- B2. You visited your grandparents during the holidays. Write a diary entry sharing how you spend your time there. (Word limit : 80) (3)

SECTION – C : GRAMMAR

- C1. Fill in the blanks with word which has one silent letter. (1)
a) I will _____ the letter as soon as I find a pen.
- C2. Make sentence using the following collaction. (1)
a) fond of
- C3. Circle the verb and write the direct and indirect object in the sentence given below. (1)
a) Meenakshi gifted her friend Sonam a beautiful handbag.
- C4. Rewrite the following sentence as negative. (1)
a) Everybody must stand in the queue.
- C5. Identify the main clause and the subordinate clause in the sentence given below. (1)
a) That you are lying is unbelievable.
- C6. Rewrite the following sentence in the present perfect continuous tense. (1)
a) Mr. Jayant has taught in this school for twelve years.

SECTION – D : LITERATURE

- D1. Answer the following questions. (7)
- a) Why does Aishwarya say, 'This voyage has changed my life completely'?
- b) Why do you think the father-and-daughter's 'bucket list' includes even more adventures?
- c) Why does the poet admire Columbus?
- d) 'I thought that settled him.' What does 'that' refer to?
- e) Captain Donde told the six trainees that 'the sea knows no gender'. What do you think he meant?
- f) How do you think the expeditions Ajeet and Deeya had been on earlier helped them when they climbed the Everest?
- g) According to the poet, why do most people 'follow the beaten track' and want to 'know the things that were known before'?

SHARDEIN SCHOOL
UNIT - I EXAMINATION (2025-26)
SUBJECT : SCIENCE
CLASS – VIII

MM :25

General Instructions:

- a) The question paper consists of 12 questions in 5 sections.
- b) All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
- c) Section A consists of 6 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.
- d) In Section B consists of 2 very short questions carrying 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
- e) Section C consists of 2 short answer type questions carrying 3 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
- f) Section D consists of 1 long answer type question carrying 5 marks. Answer to this question should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
- g) Section E consists of 1 source-based/case-based unit of assessment of 4 marks.

SECTION – A

Q1.	The two crops which are not grown by sowing their seeds directly into the soil in large fields are: A) Peas B) Tomatoes a) (A) and (B) b) (B) and (C) C) Chillies D) Maize c) (A) and (C) d) Only (C)	1
Q2.	Which of the following cannot be provided to the soil by a chemical fertilizer? a) Nitrogen b) Humus c) Potassium d) Phosphorus	1

Q3.	Which of the following is usually referred to as 'Black Gold'? a) Coal b) Coal Tar c) Petroleum d) None of these	1
Q4.	Which of the following is not a communicable disease? a) Cholera b) Cancer c) Chicken Pox d) Malaria	1
	Question No. 5 and 6 are Assertion and Reason based questions. Given below are the options for the questions that follow comprising of two statements labelled (A) Assertion and (R) Reason. Choose the correct option appropriately. a) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is the correct explanation of the (A). b) Both (A) and (R) are correct but (R) is not the correct explanation of the (A). c) The (A) is correct but (R) is incorrect. d) The (A) is incorrect and (R) is correct.	
Q5.	Assertion (A) : Viruses lie on the border dividing living things and non living things. Reason (R) : Viruses behave as living things outside the cell and non-living things as they enter the cell.	
Q6.	Assertion (A) : Soil is prepared for sowing by loosening it. Reason (R) : The loose soil allows the plant roots to penetrate freely and deeper into the soil.	1
<u>SECTION – B</u>		
Q7.	a) What is meant by Kharif crops? Give an example of it. b) If wheat is sown in the Kharif season, what would happen? Discuss?	2
Q8.	What are antibiotics? What are the two precautions to be observed in use of antibiotics?	2

SECTION – C

Q9.	a) Are petrol and petroleum the same thing? Explain. b) Write the names of any 6 major constituents of petroleum. <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> a) We know that coal is mainly made of carbon. It cannot conduct electricity. How is coal the major source of electricity generation of India? (1) b) CNG can also be used for cooking. Write two advantages of using CNG over LPG. (2)	3
Q10.	a) What is the process of 'transplantation' in agriculture? (1) b) State two advantages of the process of transplantation in growing crops. (2)	3

SECTION – D

Q11.	a) What is meant by 'nitrogen fixation'? Which natural phenomenon occurring in the sky is responsible for nitrogen fixation? (1) b) Draw a neat, labelled diagram of nitrogen cycle in nature.(2) c) For each preservation method written below, tell one food item that is preserved using that method. (2) <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"><tr><td style="width: 50%;">i) Salting</td><td style="width: 50%;">iii) Air tight packaging</td></tr><tr><td>ii) Sugaring</td><td>iv) Freezing</td></tr></table>	i) Salting	iii) Air tight packaging	ii) Sugaring	iv) Freezing	5
i) Salting	iii) Air tight packaging					
ii) Sugaring	iv) Freezing					

SECTION – E

Q12.	<p>Case based questions:</p> <p>Sumiya's mom packed away their warm winter clothes as winter is towards the end. Sumiya saw her mom putting small white balls with the clothes. She asked her mom about it. Her mom replied that those were mothballs which keep bugs away from clothes. She added that, "We do not want holes in our clothes for next winter". She further added that these mothballs come from coal. Sumiya understood and smiled at her mom's clever idea.</p> a) Name the substance from which the balls kept by Sumiya's mother are made. (½)	4
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|--|--|--|
| | <p>b) 1) Why did Sumiya's mother say that mothballs come from coal? ($\frac{1}{2}$)</p> <p>2) What three products are obtained by destructive distillation of coal? ($1\frac{1}{2}$)</p> <p>c) One of the products of destructive distillation of coals forms a substance which is almost a pure form of carbon. What is this substance? Give one of its uses. ($1\frac{1}{2}$)</p> | |
|--|--|--|

Q7.	<p>Answer the following question in 10 to 20 words:</p> <p>a) What official records do not tell?</p> <p>b) What do you understand by the term Mercantile?</p> <p>c) What is human resource development?</p> <p>d) Define polity.</p> <p>e) What is intervene?</p>	5
Q8.	<p>Write answers in 20 to 30 words:</p> <p>a) What attracted European trading companies to India?</p> <p>b) Write 3 principles of sustainable development.</p> <p>c) What is secularism? Why is it important to separate religion from the state?</p>	4½
Q9.	<p>Answer the following questions.</p> <p>a) What is the problem with the periodization of Indian History that James Mill offers?</p> <p>b) What kind of the resource is water? Write in 100 words what would happen if this resource disappeared.</p>	5
Q10.	<p>Read the following extracts carefully and attempt the following questions:</p> <p>Constitution of India guarantees universal adult suffrage for all citizens. When they were making the Constitution, the members of the Constituent Assembly felt that the freedom struggle had prepared the masses for universal adult suffrage and that this would help encourage a democratic mindset and break the clutches of traditional caste, class and gender hierarchies.</p> <p>a) What is universal adult franchise?</p> <p>b) What is democracy?</p> <p>c) What is constitution?</p>	3
Q11.	<p>On an outline map of India mark the following:</p> <p>a) Lahore</p> <p>b) Kathmandu</p> <p>c) One Indian state that shares border with Nepal</p>	3

SHARDEIN SCHOOL
UNIT - I EXAMINATION (2025-26)
SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS
CLASS – VIII

TIME : 01 HOUR

MM :25

General Instructions:

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

- a) This question paper is divided into four sections : A, B, C and D.
- b) Section A consist of 5 MCQ's of 01 marks each.
- c) Section B consist of 2 questions of 01 marks each.
- d) Section C consist of 3 questions of 02 marks each.
- e) Section D consists of 4 questions of 03 marks each.

SECTION – A

Q1.	What is the square root of the given number 361? a) 36 b) 37	c) 19 d) 17	1
Q2.	3670000 in standard form is a) 367×10^4 b) 3.67×10^6	c) 36.7×10^5 d) None of these	1
Q3.	What is the additive inverse of $\frac{4}{5}$? a) $\frac{3}{5}$ b) $\frac{5}{4}$	c) $\frac{-5}{4}$ d) - 0.8	1
Q4.	By what least number should 648 be multiplied to get a perfect cube? a) 3 b) 6	c) 9 d) 8	1
Q5.	If $x = 10$, then the value of $(4x^2 + 20x + 25) = ?$ a) 256 b) 425	c) 625 d) 575	1

SECTION – B

Q6.	Find the square of 86 by using column method.	1
Q7.	Find the product of $(5x + 7) \times (3x + 4)$.	1

SHARDEIN SCHOOL
UNIT - I EXAMINATION (2025-26)
SUBJECT : SANSKRIT
CLASS – VIII

TIME : 01 HOUR

MM : 25

सामान्य निर्देश –

- 1) इस प्रश्न पत्र में कुल 11 प्रश्न हैं। सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।
- 2) दिए गए निर्देशों का पालन करते हुए सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।
- 3) निर्देशानुसार विकल्प का ध्यान रखते हुए सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।
- 4) यथासंभव सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रमानुसार लिखिए।
- 5) कार्य स्वच्छता से कीजिए।

- प्र०1. अपनी पाठ्य पुस्तक से याद किया गया कोई एक श्लोक संस्कृत में लिखिए। जो इस प्रश्न पत्र में न हो। (2)
- प्र०2. शब्द रूप लिखिए। (1½)
‘बालक’ तृतीया विभक्ति, तीनों वचन में।
- प्र०3. धातु रूप लिखिए। (1½)
‘पठ्’ धातु, लट् लकार, मध्यम पुरुष, तीनों वचन में।
- प्र०4. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिखिए। (2)
निवारणाय , अवलोक्य , स्वामिनम् , कासम्।
- प्र०5. एक पद में सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। (4)
क) संजीवः केन पीडितः आसीत्?
ख) विडालः कस्मात् बिभेति?
ग) कः निष्कण्टकराज्यस्य लोभ करोति?
घ) वृन्दावन कस्य लीलाक्षेत्रम्?
- प्र०6. विलोम शब्द लिखिए। (2)
उद्योगः , कीर्ति , हिंसा , सम्पत्तिः।
- प्र०7. दो-दो पर्यायवाची लिखिए। (2)
कमलम् , गजः।
- प्र०8. दी गई संख्याओं का संस्कृत रूप लिखिए। (2)
8 , 10 , 12 , 22

प्र०9. दिए गए वाक्यों का संस्कृत में अनुवाद कीजिए। (4)
क) हम सबको पर्यावरण की रक्षा करनी चाहिए।
ख) मैं प्रातः उठकर ईश्वर को याद करता हूँ।
ग) पत्रा त्याग की प्रतिमूर्ति थी।
घ) राजकुमार उदयसिंह शैया पर सो रहा था।

प्र०10. रेखांकित पदों के आधार पर प्रश्न निर्माण कीजिए। (2)
क) कुक्करः व्याघ्रात् त्रस्यते।
ख) सः मुनिं हन्तुम् उद्यतः।
ग) पत्रायाः स्वामिभक्तिः अपूर्वा।
घ) रात्रौ बनवीरः आगच्छत्।

प्र०11. निम्नलिखित शब्दों का पद-परिचय दीजिए। (2)
पर्युषितम् , मनसः

SHARDEIN SCHOOL
UNIT - I EXAMINATION (2025-26)
SUBJECT : HINDI
CLASS – VIII

MM : 25

सामान्य निर्देश –

- 1) सभी प्रश्न करने अनिवार्य हैं।
- 2) उत्तर लिखते समय मात्राओं का विशेष ध्यान दें।
- 3) अक्षर सुंदर व स्पष्ट बनाएं।

प्र०1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए। (3)

वातावरण एवं वायु-मंडल का दूषित होना प्रदूषण कहलाता है। प्रदूषण की समस्या संपूर्ण विश्व में बड़ी ही तीव्रता से अपना प्रभाव जमाती जा रही है। आज समस्त मानव जाति इस समस्या से आतंकित है, और विश्व का प्रत्येक देश अपने-अपने ढंग से इस समस्या के समाधान में सलग्न है। प्रदूषण एक ऐसी विकट समस्या है, जिसका समुचित समाधान नहीं हो पा रहा है। वैज्ञानिकों का मत है कि समय रहते यदि तत्काल फैल रहे इस प्रदूषण को सही ढंग से नियंत्रित नहीं किया गया तो आगामी दशकों में संपूर्ण धरती किसी भी जीवधारी के रहने योग्य नहीं रहेगी। प्रदूषण का प्रभाव वनस्पतियों पर भी होगा और यह धरती विकृत वनस्पतियों के कारण अपनी संपूर्ण सुन्दरता एवं उपादेयता खो देगी।

- क) आज मानवजाति कौन-सी समस्या से आतंकित है?
- ख) धरती का सौंदर्य किनके कारण बना हुआ है?
- अ) ऊँचे भवनों के कारण
 - ब) जीवधारियों के कारण
 - स) वनस्पतियों के कारण
 - द) वैज्ञानिकों के कारण
- ग) उपर्युक्त गद्यांश का शीर्षक हो सकता है—
- अ) धरती का सौंदर्य
 - ब) धरती की सुन्दरता
 - स) विकट समस्या
 - द) प्रदूषण—एक विकट समस्या

प्र०2. पत्र-लेखन। (3)

विद्यालय में संपन्न वृक्षारोपण समारोह का वर्णन करते हुए समाचार-पत्र के संपादक को पत्र लिखिए।

प्र०3. अनुच्छेद-लेखन। (शब्द सीमा – 80 से 100) (3)

विषय – एक विद्यार्थी का कर्तव्य

व्याकरण

प्र०4. निर्देशानुसार पूर्ण कीजिए।

(6)

- 1) कोंकणी अथवा पंजाबी (भाषा की लिपि लिखिए)
- 2) विज्ञान अथवा मोहक (वर्ण विच्छेद कीजिए)
- 3) दशानन अथवा सूर्यास्त (संधि विच्छेद कीजिए)
- 4) पुस्तक – आलय (संधि कीजिए)
- 5) अज अथवा अरुण (दो अनेकार्थी शब्द लिखिए)
- 6) अग्नि अथवा सर्प (तद्भव रूप लिखिए)
- 7) आगे अथवा आसरा (तत्सम रूप लिखिए)
- 8) उन्नति अथवा अतिथि (दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए)
- 9) इच्छा अथवा आदि (विलोम शब्द लिखिए)
- 10) जो कुछ न जानता हो। (वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द लिखिए)
- 11) अपना उल्लू सीधा करना। (मुहावरे का अर्थ लिखिए)
- 12) इन तिलों में तेल नहीं। (लोकोक्ति का अर्थ लिखिए)

प्र०5. शब्दार्थ लिखिए।

(2)

विपदा , भाड़ , परदेसी , उन्मुक्त

प्र०6. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।

(6)

- क) गाँववासी किस प्रकार अपना जीवन काट लेते हैं?
- ख) उदयभान ने जो व्यवहार भुनगी के साथ किया था, क्या वह ठीक था? अपने शब्दों में लिखिए।
- ग) सरदार ने दीना को जमीन का भाव किस प्रकार समझाया?
- घ) आरंभ में छात्रावास के साथ सामंजस्य बिठाने में लेखिका को क्या प्रयत्न करने पड़े?

भारत की खोज

प्र०7. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक प्रश्न का उत्तर दीजिए।

(2)

- क) आपके अनुसार भारत यूरोप की तुलना में तकनीकी-विकास की दौड़ में क्यों पिछड़ गया था?
- ख) आपके मन में अपनी मातृभूमि (भारत देश) की कैसी तस्वीर है?